

#### Today we will cover:

- In-house vs. outsourcing
- Contracts
- Bidding

#### **Myths/Truths about outsourcing**

- It's a fad and it will soon fade away
- The reason for outsourcing isn't important
- Outsourcing will solve problems with in-house service delivery
- It always results in reduced costs
- It always results in reduced quality
- Managing a contract operation is easy



Operational · Managerial · Fiscal

Reaction to crisis or economic pressure

## **Management approach to improve**

- Quality of customer service
- Fiscal performance
- Resource utilization

In-house performance vs
Contracting for services

# **Group activity**

At your tables, list:

- 1-2 advantages of keeping services in-house
- 1-2 advantages to outsource

#### In-house advantages

- Continuity
- Staff loyalty and dedication
- Flexibility in staff utilization
- Emergency response capability
- Lower costs (sometimes)
- Responsiveness
- · Quality of work / pride
- Security
- Mutual trust
- Customer interaction
- Organizational cohesiveness
- Knowledge transfer

#### **Contract advantages**

- Avoid capital costs
- Obtain specialized or infrequently required services
- Meet peak workload demands
- Lower costs (sometimes)
- Obtain management resources of a large, specialized organization
- Volume purchasing power
- Avoid inventory requirements
- Eliminate support space requirements
- Greater flexibility in adjusting to changing service level needs
- Avoid personnel management requirements

#### **Contract alternatives/considerations**

- Public/private
- Procurement delegation
- Urban/rural
- · Union/non-union
- Economic climate

Contracting
Facilities Management
Services

#### **Professional Services**

Planning and Design

Architectural and Engineering Consulting

Project and Construction Management

**Professional Studies** 

#### **Construction Services**

New construction

Renovation

Major maintenance and repair

Improvements

#### **Operations & Maintenance Services**

- Grounds maintenance
- Snow removal
- Custodial services
- Pest control
- Transportation services
- Refuse collection and disposal
- Paving
- Painting services
- HVAC services

- · Elevator maintenance and inspection
- Asbestos abatement
- Facilities and equipment PM and maintenance services
- Plant operations
- Management of a particular function or operation
- Management of entire Facilities
  Management function

# **Discussion:**Institutions that have tried and/or currently outsourcing their contract services

#### Value: attributed or relative worth, merit or usefulness

- Financial
- Logistical
- Quality
- Ethical
- Collaborative
- Customer satisfaction
- Trust
- Importance
- Timeliness





# **Essential elements of a binding contract**

- An agreement (offer and acceptance)
- Voluntarily entered into
- By parties having capacity to contract
- Supported by consideration
- To do a legal act or acts

#### **Basic documentation**

- Specific goods or services to be provided
- Required performance and quality
- Delivery requirements and schedule
- Consideration to be paid and related terms or conditions

# Contractual Procurement procedures

# **Competitive bidding (IFB)**

Compete solely on basis of price

Award to responsive and responsible contractor with lowest offer

# **Competitive negotiation (RFP)**

Qualitative evaluation

Negotiate on basis of specific selection criteria

May or may not include price

Mandatory/preferred terms

#### **RFP Score sheet**

FIRM:	
EVALUATOR:	
DATE:	

CRITERIA	PROPOSED WEIGHT	SCORE 1-10	WEIGHTED SCORE	COMMENT
1. Schedule	15			
2. Cost	50			
3. Performance Plan	20			
4. Project Team	5			
5. Subcontractors	5			
6. Minority Plan	5			
7. Total				

# **Defining contractual requirements**

#### **Must define**

- · What we want
- How much
- Standards of quality and performance
- When

#### Can do this by:

- Plans/specifications
- Statement of performance objectives or standards
- General statement of requirements

## **Negotiated or "Sole Source" contract**

Direct negotiation with single vendor Justification required in public sector

# **Obtaining offers**

Advertisement

Solicitation

Pre-bid /pre-proposal meeting

Addenda

Type of offer

#### **Formal contract**

Plans and/or specifications

Request for bid/proposal document

Contractor's offer/proposal

Bonds

Terms or conditions negotiated following selection of contractor

#### **Contract management**

Contract Administrator
Pre-performance conference
Inspection procedures
Performance incentives/penalties
Payment
Claims and disputes procedures
Renewal procedure

#### In-house services

#### Perceived advantages

- Loyalty
- Dedication
- Commitment
- Continuity
- Responsiveness
- Flexibility
- Quality
- "Corporate knowledge"

#### **Perceived disadvantages**

- · "It takes too long"
- "It costs too much"
- "My neighbor is a \_\_\_\_\_ and he could have done it in half the time"

# To be successful, an institution's decision process needs to be ...

- Performed within the context of the institution's mission and culture
- Seen as a strategic choice
- Consultative and inclusive of customers, functional area specialists and administrators
- Able to qualitatively and quantitatively define the institution's requirements for the functional area's performance
- Balanced and cognizant of all management/operating alternatives

# At the end of the day ...

"Only the provision of a service can be contracted for, not the responsibility for it."

"In the eyes of the consumer, the ultimate accountability will always rest with the institution."

University of Virginia
"Make/Buy Competitive Procurement"

#### David Osborne, Reinventing Government:

"Whenever possible, inject competition into public service."

Jim Flanagan, city auditor, Phoenix:

"The most important distinction is not public vs. private, it is monopoly vs. competition. Where there is competition, you get better results, more cost-consciousness and superior service delivery."

#### Goals of "Make/Buy"

- Assure ourselves, and our customers, that services are being provided in the most economical method.
- Use competition to enhance cost consciousness, productivity, and customer service of our internal work force.
- Use greater competition to enhance competitiveness and customer service of the private sector.



There is a contract alternative

Understand the advantages and disadvantages of the alternatives

Understand contracting principles

Recognize perceptions/seek reality

Inject competition

#### Various sources on outsourcing

 $\underline{\text{http://www.hcs.harvard.edu/pslm/livingwage/outsourcing.pdf}}$ 

 $\frac{\text{http://www.theeagle.com/news/local/texas-a-m-staff-council-updated-on-status-of-outsourced/article}{\text{ea25e7fd-e33a-5908-b435-35f9940e971b.html}}$ 

http://www.acui.org/publications/bulletin/article.aspx?issue=448&id=2298

http://www.chem.info/article/2014/05/pros-cons-outsourced-vs-house-maintenance

 $\frac{http://www.utdailybeacon.com/news/ut-facilities-chancellor-slams-privatization-proposal/article \ d16b394e-d074-11e5-b923-1f7634b44458.html$ 

 $\frac{http://www.knoxnews.com/storv/news/education/2017/10/13/outsourcing-would-save-university-tennessee-6-8-million-proposal-savs/758531001/?=FD$ 

#### Various sources on outsourcing (cont.)

https://www.universitybusiness.com/article/outs-and-ins-facility-managment

 $\underline{https://todav.tamu.edu/2015/07/30/texas-am-project-will-provide-hundreds-of-millions-of-dollars-for-academics-and-research/$ 

https://www.insidetrack.com/the-outsourced-college/

 $\underline{https://www.usnews.com/news/best-states/tennessee/articles/2017-10-19/outsourcing-bid-at-tennessee-university-would-cost-more \underline{}$ 

 $\frac{\text{https://www.thelantern.com/2013/12/50-year-agreement-osus-483m-parking-deal-stands-alone-among-schools-year-1/}{}$ 

# AIA Continuing Education Provider

#### **Explanation of AIA credits**

Credit(s) earned on completion of this course will be reported to American Institute of Architects (AIA) Continuing Education Session (CES) for AIA members.

Certificates of Completion for both AIA members and non-AIA members are available upon request.

This course is registered with AIA CES for continuing professional education. As such, it does not include content that may be deemed or construed to be an approval or endorsement by the AIA of any material of construction or any method or manner of handling, using, distributing, or dealing in any material or product.

Questions related to specific materials, methods, and services will be addressed at the conclusion of this presentation.

AIA Continuing Education Provider

#### **Course description**

This course will present a discussion of the contract alternative, when/why to contract, the types of services that are commonly contracted for, and competition issues in maintenance management. It will include basic contracting principles, various types of procurement methods, and contract administration techniques. Participants will discuss effective service contract experiences.

Faculty: Mark Stanis

AIA Continuing Education Provider

#### Learning objectives

- Discuss when and why to use a contractor for maintenance services
- Learn what services contractors offer
- Discuss basic contracting principles
- Discuss effective service contract experiences.

AIA Continuing Education Provider This concludes
The American Institute of Architects
Continuing Education Systems Course



